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10/811,030	03/26/2004	Jan Hofmeyr	MS1-2018US	9067
22801 LEE & HAYES	7590 01/09/200 S PLLC	EXAMINER		
421 W RIVERS	SIDE AVENUE SUITI	LANIER, BENJAMIN E		
SPOKANE, WA 99201			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· •		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/811,030	HÖFMEYR ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Benjamin E. Lanier	2132			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 December 2007</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 455 O.G. 215.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-40 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-40 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. Applicant's amendment filed 13 December 2007 amends claims 1-8, 10-18, 20-36, and 38-39. Claim 9 is cancelled. Applicant's amendment has been fully considered and entered.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's argument that "Candelore does not teach or suggest, 'preparing the transport stream for a data extraction by *encrypting* at least some of the payload portions while leaving the one or more corresponding header portions *unencrypted at all times*,' as recited in Claim 1" has been fully considered and is persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Sparrell, U.S. Patent No. 7,231,516.
- 3. Applicant's arguments, with respect to the previous §101 and §112 rejections have been fully considered and are persuasive. The §101 rejections of claims 22-34 and the §112 rejections of claims 15, 16, and 39, are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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5. Claims 1, 8, 10-35, 37, 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sparrell, U.S. Patent No. 7,231,516. Referring to claims 1, 8, 12, 22-26, 35, 37, 39, Sparrell discloses an MPEG-2 data stream encryption system wherein program elementary streams are encrypted by encrypting only the payload data leaving the higher level headers (i.e. PES/frame headers) unencrypted (Col. 10, lines 23-33), which meets the limitation of analyzing a transport stream that includes one or more header portions and one or more corresponding payload portions, each of the header portions includes a packetized elementary stream (PES) header, wherein each of the header portions enables the processing of the one or more corresponding payload portions based on the PES header, preparing the transport stream for a data extraction by encrypting at least some of the payload portions, while leaving the one or more corresponding header portions unencrypted at all times, encrypting at least some of the payload portions that comprise payload data packets, the payload portions include packets of PES payload data, and wherein preparing the transport stream for the data extraction includes common scrambling at least some of the packets of PES payload data, leave unencrypted data packets having at least a portion of the PES header, leave unencrypted bytes of data required for processing the transport stream, leave unencrypted a threshold amount of data beyond packet header data that is relevant for the processing, encrypt at least some of the payload portions that comprise payload data packets, dynamically determine that a threshold incursion into one payload portion is to pass unencrypted in order to process the transport stream without removing the encryption from other portions of the transport stream.

Referring to claim 10, Sparrell discloses that the frame headers are also left unencrypted (Col. 10, lines 33-36), which meets the limitation of the one or more header portions and the one

or more payload portions include data packets, and wherein preparing the transport stream fro the data extraction further includes leaving a data packet containing at least a portion of a frame header unencrypted.

Referring to claim 11, Sparrell discloses that the encrypted transport stream is indexed for trick play mode playback (Col. 10, line 64 – Col. 11, line 51), which meets the limitation of the data extraction includes bypasses encrypted portions of the transport stream to implement one of demultiplexing and indexing the transport stream for at least one of trick modes and thumbnail extraction.

Referring to claims 13, 28, Sparrell discloses that the encrypted transport stream is multiplexed with other content (Col. 7, lines 33-37), which meets the limitation of generating a multiplex-compliant encryption method packet, and inserting the multiplex-compliant encryption method packet into the transport stream.

Referring to claims 14, 29, Sparrell discloses that the encrypted transport stream includes index information, and cryptographic key information (Col. 9, lines 1-7, 60-63), which meets the limitation of the encryption method packet identifies an encryption algorithm used in preparing the transport stream for the data extraction, the encryption method packet identifies encrypted portions of the transport stream, and provides data for deriving a decryption key, provides at least a basis for key to decrypt the encrypted portions of the transport stream.

Referring to claims 15, 30, Sparrell discloses that the index information identifies which segments of the stream have been encrypted and with what key (Col. 7, lines 61-65), which meets the limitation of the encryption method packet identifies an unencrypted portion of the

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transport stream, a location of the encrypted portion of the transport stream, and a process corresponding to the unencrypted portion of the transport stream.

Referring to claim 16, Sparrell discloses that the encrypted transport stream is multiplexed with other content (Col. 7, lines 33-37) such as an up-to-date table of the index information (Col. 8, lines 19-21), which meets the limitation of generating a multiplex-compliant encryption method packet, and delivering the multiplex-compliant encryption method packet via a private table.

Referring to claims 17, 31, Sparrell discloses an MPEG-2 data stream encryption system wherein program elementary streams are encrypted by encrypting only the payload data leaving the higher level headers (i.e. PES/frame headers) unencrypted (Col. 10, lines 23-33), which meets the limitation of receiving a partially encrypted transport stream that includes one or more header portions, each of the one or more header portions being unencrypted at all times and including at least one of a packetized elementary stream (PES) header and frame header, and one or more encrypted payload portions, wherein each of the unencrypted header portions enables the processing of the one or more corresponding encrypted payload portions based on at least one of the PES header and the frame header. Leaving the frame headers unencrypted allows for determination of where the I-frames are in the video stream and only transmit the encrypted I-frames across the network, which meets the limitation of extracting data from the transport stream in a manner that bypasses the one or more encrypted payload portions of the transport stream.

Referring to claims 18, 19, 32, Sparrell discloses that the encrypted transport stream includes index information, and cryptographic key information for decryption (Col. 9, lines 1-7,

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60-63 & Col. 10, lines 9-10), which meets the limitation of receiving a multiplex-compliant encryption method packet corresponding to the transport stream, and decrypting encrypted payload portions of the transport stream using a decryption/encryption key, the decryption key is included in the encryption method packet.

Referring to claims 20, 33, Sparrell discloses leaving the frame headers unencrypted allows for determination of where the I-frames are in the video stream and only transmit the encrypted I-frames across the network, which meets the limitation of demultiplexing the transport stream based on unencrypted header portions of the transport stream.

Referring to claims 21, 34, Sparrell discloses that the index information identifies which segments of the stream have been encrypted and with what key (Col. 7, lines 61-65), which meets the limitation of indexing payload data contained in the transport stream based on unencrypted header portions of the transport stream.

Referring to claim 27, Sparrell discloses that the stream can be encrypted using AES (Col. 12, lines 42-43), which meets the limitation of encrypt portions of the transport stream applies an advanced encryption standard (AES) counter (CTR) mode cipher.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 2-7, 36, 38, 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sparrell, U.S. Patent No. 7,231,516, in view of Candelore, U.S. Patent No. 7,124,303. Referring to claims 2-7, 36, 38, 40, Sparrell discloses an MPEG-2 data stream encryption system wherein program elementary streams are encrypted by encrypting only the payload data leaving the higher level headers (i.e. PES headers) unencrypted (Col. 10, lines 23-33). Sparrell does not disclose that payload portions are selectively encrypted. Candelore discloses a partial encryption system for transport streams wherein the cable system headend analyzes the streams to determine which packets should be encrypted (Col. 13, lines 27-33) based upon a desired balance of bandwidth usage and security against hackers (Col. 10, lines 11-14), which meets the limitation of analyzing the transport stream includes determining which of the one or more payload portions of the transport stream are to pass unencrypted, determining which of the one or more payload portions of the transport stream are to pass unencrypted is executed based on a statistical analysis, dynamically, determining which of the one or more payload portions of the transport stream are to pass unencrypted includes determining a permissible incursion beyond a header portion into a corresponding payload portion to gather data for the data extraction, detecting a data packet containing at least a portion of a PES header, detecting whether each of the payload portions is in

the same data packet as one of the one or more header portions, determine that data arbitrarily disposed throughout PES payload data are to pass unencrypted. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to selectively encrypt the payload portions of Sparrell in order to operate the system with a desired balance of bandwidth usage and security as taught in Candelore (Col. 10, lines 14-16).

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Benjamin E. Lanier whose telephone number is 571-272-3805. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 6:00am-4:30pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gilberto Barron can be reached on 571-272-3799. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Benjamin E. Lanier

Primary Examiner